

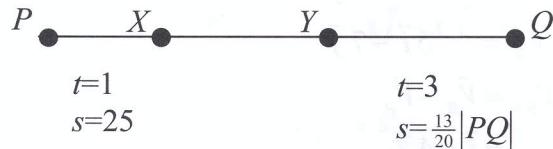
1. (b) A particle passes P with speed 20 m s^{-1} and moves in a straight line to Q with uniform acceleration.

$20(1)$

In the first second of its motion after passing P it travels 25 m.

In the last 3 seconds of its motion before reaching Q it travels $\frac{13}{20}$ of $|PQ|$.

Find the distance from P to Q .



$$\begin{aligned} PX & \quad s = ut + \frac{1}{2}ft^2 \\ & 25 = 20(1) + \frac{1}{2}f(1)^2 \\ & 5 = \frac{1}{2}f \\ & \Rightarrow f = 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PY & \quad s = ut + \frac{1}{2}ft^2 \\ & \frac{7}{20}|PQ| = 20(t+1) + 5(t+1)^2 \\ & = 5t^2 + 30t + 25 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} PQ & \quad s = ut + \frac{1}{2}ft^2 \\ & |PQ| = 20(t+4) + 5(t+4)^2 \\ & = 5t^2 + 60t + 160 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{7}{20}|PQ| & = 5t^2 + 30t + 25 \\ \frac{7}{20}(5t^2 + 60t + 160) & = 5t^2 + 30t + 25 \\ 65t^2 + 180t - 620 & = 0 \\ \Rightarrow t & = 2 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} |PQ| & = 20(6) + 5(6)^2 \\ & = 300 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

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