1999

8 (a) Prove that the moment of inertia of a uniform rod [ab] of mass m and length 2ℓ about an axis t through its centre perpendicular to the rod is $\frac{1}{3} \text{ m} \ell^2$.

Let m_1 = mass per unit length mass of element = m_1 dx moment of inertia = m_1 x^2 dx

moment of inertia of rod = $\int_{-\ell}^{\ell} m_1 x^2 dx$

$$= m_1 \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-\ell}^{\ell}$$

 $= \frac{2}{3} m_1 \ell^3$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \text{ m } \ell^2$$

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