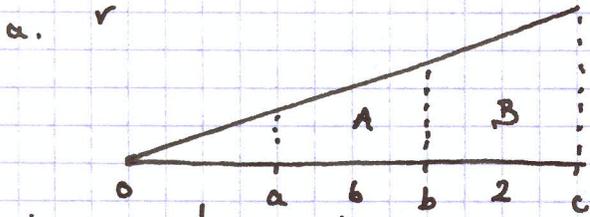


TEST - 1996 Paper Question one.



NB  
we can make up 2 equations with 2 unknowns which are the same.

use:  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$  (10)

$105 = 6t + \frac{1}{2} \cdot a \cdot (6)^2$       $105 = 6u + 18a$

$168 = 8u + \frac{1}{2} \cdot a \cdot (8)^2$       $168 = 8u + 32a$  (10)

solving simultaneous equations

$u = 7$       $a = 3.5$  (5)

i.

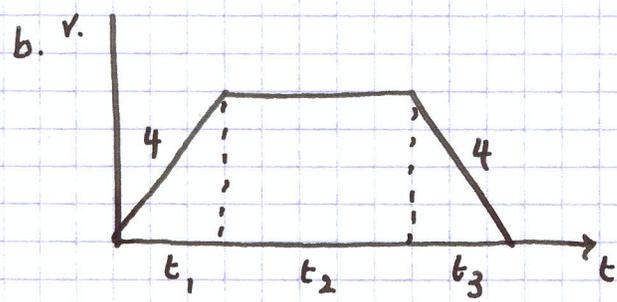
$u = 0$	$u = u$	$u = u$
$v = v$	$v = v$	$v = v$
$a = a$	$a = a$	$a = a$
$s =$	$s = 105$	$s = 168$
$t =$	$t = 6$	$t = 8$

do not consider  
this part of journey - not enough info.

ii. 1st part:

$u = 0$       $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$   
 $v = 7$       $\frac{v^2 - u^2}{2a} = s$   
 $a = 3.5$   
 $s =$   
 $t =$

$s = \frac{7^2}{2(3.5)}$       $s = 7$  (5)



ii. Examine the question carefully before you begin. You are looking for  $t_2$  and must have  $t$  and  $d$  in your equation.  $\Rightarrow$  try and put everything else in terms of these. (5)

a. SORT OUT those  $t$ 's!  
 $t = t_1 + t_2 + t_3$      but      $t_1 = t_3$  (same <sup>rate of</sup> acceleration/deceleration)

$\Rightarrow t = 2t_1 + t_2$

$\Rightarrow \frac{t - t_2}{2} = t_1$

b. equation in  $d$ :      $d = \frac{1}{2} \cdot t_1 \cdot v + t_2 \cdot v + \frac{1}{2} t_3 \cdot v$

c. car replace  $t_1/t_3$ ; need to replace  $v$ .

~~1st part~~  
 acceleration  
 $u = 0$   
 $v =$   
 $a = 4$   
 $s =$   
 $t_1 = \frac{t - t_2}{2}$

$v = 0 + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{t - t_2}{2}\right)$   
 $v = 2(t - t_2)$

d.  $\Rightarrow d = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{t - t_2}{2}\right) \cdot (t - t_2) + 2t_2(t - t_2) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t - t_2}{2}\right) \cdot (t - t_2)$   
 $d = (t - t_2)(t - t_2) + 2t_2(t - t_2)$   
 $= (t - t_2)(t - t_2 + 2t_2)$   
 $= (t - t_2)(t + t_2)$   
 $d = t^2 - t_2^2$       $\Rightarrow t_2 = \sqrt{t^2 - d}$