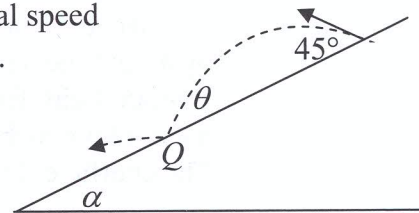


3 (b)

A plane is inclined at an angle α to the horizontal. A particle is projected down the plane with initial speed of 10 m s^{-1} at an angle 45° to the inclined plane. The plane of projection is vertical and contains the line of greatest slope.



The particle strikes the plane at Q with a landing angle θ where $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{4}$.

- (i) Find the value of α .
(ii) If the magnitude of the rebound velocity at Q is $5\sqrt{33}$, find the value of e , the coefficient of restitution.

(i)

$$r_j = 0$$

$$0 = 10 \sin 45^\circ t - \frac{1}{2} g \cos \alpha t^2$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{10\sqrt{2}}{g \cos \alpha}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= 10 \cos 45^\circ + g \sin \alpha \left(\frac{10\sqrt{2}}{g \cos \alpha} \right) \\ &= 5\sqrt{2} + 10\sqrt{2} \tan \alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_j &= 10 \sin 45^\circ - g \cos \alpha \left(\frac{10\sqrt{2}}{g \cos \alpha} \right) \\ &= -5\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-v_j}{v_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{5\sqrt{2} + 10\sqrt{2} \tan \alpha}$$

$$\tan \alpha = 1.5 \Rightarrow \alpha = 56.3^\circ$$

(ii)

$$v_i = 20\sqrt{2}$$

$$v_j = 5e\sqrt{2}$$

$$5\sqrt{33} = \sqrt{(20\sqrt{2})^2 + (5e\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow e = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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