

3. (a)

A particle is projected from a point  $P$  on horizontal ground.

The speed of projection is  $35 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  at an angle  $\tan^{-1} 2$  to the horizontal.

The particle strikes a target whose position vector relative to  $P$  is  $x\vec{i} + 50\vec{j}$ .

Find (i) the value of  $x$

(ii) a second angle of projection so that the particle strikes the target.

(i)

$$35 \cos \alpha \cdot t = x$$

$$t = \frac{x}{7\sqrt{5}}$$

$$35 \sin \alpha \cdot t - 4.9t^2 = 50$$

$$35 \left( \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \left( \frac{x}{7\sqrt{5}} \right) - 4.9 \left( \frac{x}{7\sqrt{5}} \right)^2 = 50$$

$$x^2 - 100x + 2500 = 0$$

$$x = 50$$

(ii)

$$35 \cos \alpha \cdot t = 50$$

$$t = \frac{10}{7 \cos \alpha}$$

$$35 \sin \alpha \cdot t - 4.9t^2 = 50$$

$$35 \sin \alpha \cdot \left( \frac{10}{7 \cos \alpha} \right) - 4.9 \left( \frac{10}{7 \cos \alpha} \right)^2 = 50$$

$$50 \tan \alpha - 10(1 + \tan^2 \alpha) = 50$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha - 5 \tan \alpha + 6 = 0$$

$$(\tan \alpha - 2)(\tan \alpha - 3) = 0$$

$$\tan \alpha = 3$$

$$\alpha = 71.6^\circ$$

5

5

5

5

5

25