- 8. (a)
- Prove that the moment of inertia of a uniform circular disc, of mass m and radius r, about an axis through its centre perpendicular to its plane is $\frac{1}{2}mr^2$.

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Let M = mass per unit area $mass of element = M\{2\pi x dx\}$ $moment of inertia of the element = M\{2\pi x dx\}x^2$ $moment of inertia of the disc = 2\pi M \int_0^r x^3 dx$ $= 2\pi M \left[\frac{x^4}{4}\right]_0^r$ $= 2\pi M \frac{r^4}{4}$

