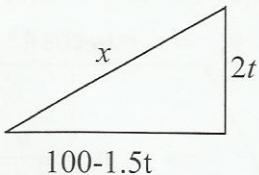


Some Alternative Solutions

2 (a)



(ii)

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= (100 - 1.5t)^2 + 4t^2 \\ 2x \frac{dx}{dt} &= 2(100 - 1.5t)(-1.5) + 8t \\ &= 0 \\ \text{if } t &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

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In this time C travels $1.5 \times 24 = 36$ m

distance of C from the intersection = $100 - 36$

$$= 64 \text{ m}$$

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2 (b)

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{V}_M &= a \vec{i} \\ \vec{V}_{WM} &= \frac{2v}{\sqrt{5}} \vec{i} - \frac{v}{\sqrt{5}} \vec{j} \\ \vec{V}_W &= \vec{V}_{WM} + \vec{V}_M \\ &= \left(\frac{2v}{\sqrt{5}} + a \right) \vec{i} - \frac{v}{\sqrt{5}} \vec{j} \\ &= x \vec{i} - 3 \vec{j} \\ \Rightarrow v &= 3\sqrt{5} \quad \text{and} \quad a = x - 6 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \vec{V}_M &= a \vec{j} \\ \vec{V}_{WM} &= \frac{3w}{\sqrt{13}} \vec{i} - \frac{2w}{\sqrt{13}} \vec{j} \\ \vec{V}_W &= \vec{V}_{WM} + \vec{V}_M \\ &= \left(\frac{3w}{\sqrt{13}} \right) \vec{i} + \left(a - \frac{2w}{\sqrt{13}} \right) \vec{j} \\ &= x \vec{i} - 3 \vec{j} \\ \Rightarrow w &= \frac{(a+3)\sqrt{13}}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad a = \frac{2x-9}{3} \end{aligned}$$

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