

1999

10 (a) Solve the differential equation

$$\left( \frac{7}{v^2 + 1} \right) \frac{dv}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$$

given that  $v = 0$  when  $x = 1$ .

$$7 \int \frac{dv}{v^2 + 1} = \int \frac{dx}{x}$$

5

$$7 \tan^{-1} v = \ln x + A$$

5,5

$$v = 0, x = 1$$

$$7 \tan^{-1} 0 = \ln 1 + A$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 0$$

5

$$7 \tan^{-1} v = \ln x$$

$$\tan^{-1} v = \frac{\ln x}{7}$$

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$$v = \tan\left(\frac{\ln x}{7}\right)$$