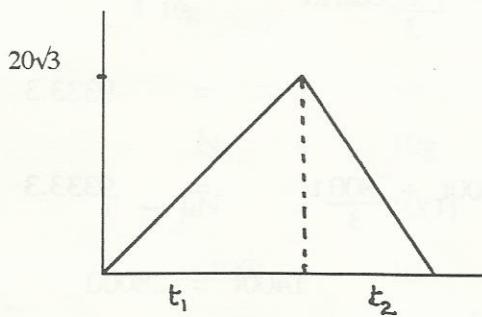


1995

1(a) (i)	acceleration	=	$\frac{20}{40}$	5
		=	0.5 m/s^2	5 10
(ii)	deceleration	=	$\frac{20}{80}$	5
		=	0.25 m/s^2	5 10
(iii)	distance	=	area	
		=	$0.5(40)(20) + 120(20) + 0.5(80)(20)$	5
		=	$400 + 2400 + 800$	
		=	3600 m	5 10

(b)



distance	=	area	
3600	=	$0.5(\text{time})20\sqrt{3}$	5, 5
	=	$\frac{360}{\sqrt{3}}$ or $120\sqrt{3}$	5
	=	207.8 s	5 20

(or)

$$0.5 = \frac{20\sqrt{3}}{t_1} \Rightarrow t_1 = 40\sqrt{3} \quad 5$$

$$\text{and } 0.25 = \frac{20\sqrt{3}}{t_2} \Rightarrow t_2 = 80\sqrt{3} \quad 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{time} = t_1 + t_2 = 120\sqrt{3} \quad 5$$

$$= 207.8 \text{ s} \quad 5 20$$