

SIMPLE HARMONIC MOTION

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DYNAMICS.

SIMPLE HARMONIC MOTION

$$a = -\omega^2 x, \text{ } x \text{ displacement from mean}$$

defines SHM.

Newton's Second Law (NII) $\text{Nett } F = ma$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Nett } F = -m\omega^2 x$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Nett } F = -\sum x, \sum \text{ number}$$

SHM must be caused by forces which vary with position.

Elastic strings

Springs

Buoyancy.

OR combinations of these with constant forces

ACCELERATED LINEAR MOTION.

$$a = \text{Constant}$$

defines A.L.M.

Newton's Second Law (NII) $\text{Nett } F = ma$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Nett } F = m \text{ Constant.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Nett } F = \text{Constant.}$$

ALM caused by forces which are constant =

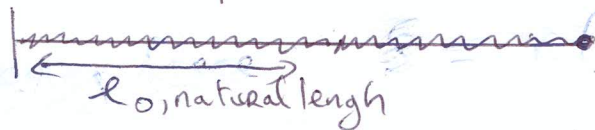
tensions in light inextensible strings

gravity

Normal Reactions

HOOKE'S LAW:

Variable tension in a spring is proportional to its extension past its natural length.

Spring 

l_0 , natural length

l , extended length.

k spring constant
(measure of elasticity)

Spring force of spring with extended length l , $S = k(l - l_0)$

$$S = k (\text{Extension})$$

[For question on Hooke's law itself see APPENDIX ③]