

## QUESTION ONE

a.i. u                       $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$   
 $v$   
 $a = 9.8$   
 $s = -30$  (down)  
 $t = 5$

$$-30 = 5u + \frac{1}{2}(9.8)(5)^2$$

$$5u = (4.9)(25) - 30$$

$u = 18.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

ii.  $u = 18.5$                $v = u + at$   
 $v$   
 $a = -9.8$   
 $s = -30$   
 $t = 5$

$$v = 18.5 + (-9.8)(5)$$

$v = -30.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

b.i.	0-t	0-2t	0-3t
u u	u u	u u	
v	v	v	
a a	a a	a a	
s p	s p+q	s p+q+r	
t t	t 2t	t 3t	

using.  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

$$p = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2 \quad p+q = 2ut + 2at^2 \quad p+q+r = 3ut + \frac{9}{2}at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow q = 2ut + 2at^2 - ut - \frac{1}{2}at^2 \quad \Rightarrow r = 3ut + \frac{9}{2}at^2 - ut - \frac{1}{2}at^2 - ut - \frac{3}{2}at^2$$

$$q = ut + \frac{3}{2}at^2 \quad r = ut + \frac{5}{2}at^2$$

to prove  $2q = p+r$

$$2q = 2(ut + \frac{3}{2}at^2)$$

$$p+r = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2 + ut + \frac{5}{2}at^2$$

$$2q = 2ut + 3at^2$$

$$p+r = 2ut + 3at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{2q = p+r} \quad \text{QED.}$$

ii. 0-3t

u u	$p+q+r+x = 4ut + 8at^2$
v	
a a	$\Rightarrow x = 4ut + 8at^2 - 2ut - 3at^2 - ut - \frac{3}{2}at^2$
s p+q+r+x	
t 4t	$x = ut + \frac{7}{2}at^2$

$$2r-q = 2(ut + \frac{5}{2}at^2) - (ut + \frac{3}{2}at^2)$$

$$= 2ut + 5at^2 - ut - \frac{3}{2}at^2$$

$$= ut + \frac{7}{2}at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x = 2r-q \text{ QED}}$$